Ground without plants



Find an area of ground that you think is bare and carry out activity 1 to make sure.



ACTIVITY 1: Identifying bare ground

- Are there any plants growing on the ground? If not, you definitely have bare ground.
- If there are some plants growing on the ground, try to step through the area without standing on any plants.
- Take 7 steps in a straight line, and place your feet completely flat on the ground, with each step.
- Were you able to avoid stepping on some plants? If the answer is yes,
 you have bare ground. If the answer is no, you do not have bare ground –
 use a different flow chart to try to identify the habitat.

ACTIVITY 2: Is the ground permeable? Can water soak into it?

- Pour 1 x 500ml container of water on to the ground, on an area the size of a pencil case, and use a stopwatch or counting ("1 elephant, 2 elephant...") to time 1 minute.
- Watch to see if the water disappears and soaks into the ground, if it rolls away to another place, or if it sits on the surface not going anywhere.
- Repeat the test a maximum of 2 more times, on the same small patch of ground.
- If the water **soaks** into the ground, record as **permeable**.
- If it doesn't soak into the ground, record as impermeable.

Tick the answer below that describes your ground:



The ground is permeable



The ground is impermeable





3 ACTIVITY 3: Is the material natural?

Examine the material the ground is made from – is it a natural or human-made material?		
	Natural materials Soil, dirt, sand, wood decking, grav wood chips	vel, straw, rock, bark or
	Human-made materials Concrete, tarmac, paving slabs, arbricks, plastic decking	tificial grass, rubber chippings,
If you have an area of ground that is <u>impermeable</u> AND you think it is made from a <u>natural material</u> , try this final activity.		
4 ACTIVITY 4: The smudge test		
 Pour another 1 x 500ml container of water onto the same spot where yo were testing permeability. 		
• Rub the surface of the ground with your finger really hard - test an area the size of a tennis ball.		
 If the ground starts to break up and your finger gets muddier the more you rub, record the ground as bare soil. 		
Otherwise, record the ground as rock .		
Tick the answer below that describes your ground:		
	Bare soil Rocl	«